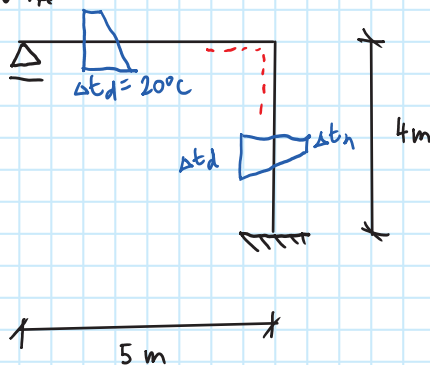


Cv.07 - Staticky neurčitý rám s deformačním zatížením

čtvrtek 25. března 2021

A) ТЕРЛОТА $\Delta t_h = 10^\circ\text{C}$
 $\Delta t_d = 20^\circ\text{C}$

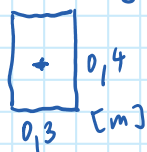


$$\Delta t_h = 10^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\Delta t_d = 20^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\alpha_T = 10^{-5} \text{ K}^{-1}$$

$$E = 30 \text{ GPa}$$



$$A = 0.3 \cdot 0.4 = 0.12 \text{ m}^2$$

$$I = \frac{1}{12} b h^3 = \frac{1}{12} 0.3 \cdot 0.4^3 = 1.6 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}^4$$

$$EA = 3600000 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^2$$

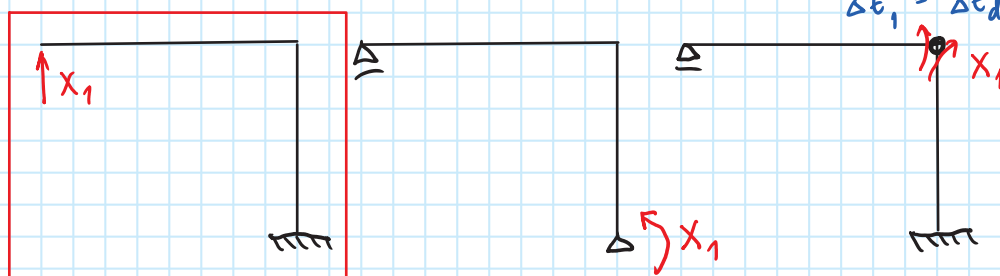
$$EI = 48000 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^4$$

$$\Delta t_0 = \frac{\Delta t_h + \Delta t_d}{2} = \frac{10 + 20}{2} = 15^\circ\text{C}$$

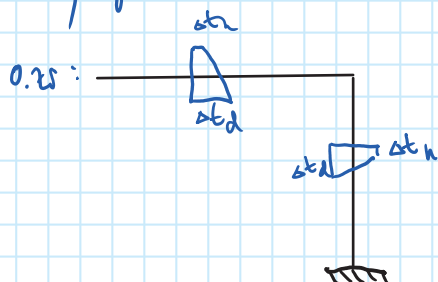
$$\Delta t_1 = \Delta t_d - \Delta t_h = 20 - 10 = 10^\circ\text{C}$$

1) $M_S = ?$, zkus

$M_S = 1$

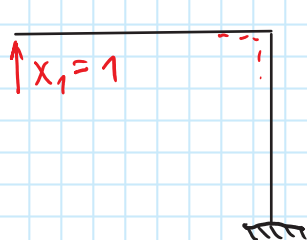


2) vykreslení vnitřních sil od jednotlivých zat. stavů



- na ru lze od def. zatížení uvažovat vnitřní síly
 $\Rightarrow N_0, V_0, M_0 = \emptyset$

1.25:



3) řešení převálcových rovnic + výpočet δ

$$\delta_{11} X_1 + \delta_{10} = 0$$

$$\delta_{11} = \int \frac{M_1 M_1}{EI} dx = \frac{1}{EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \right) \cdot \left[\frac{2}{3} \cdot 5 \right] + \left(4 \cdot 5 \right) \cdot \left[5 \right] \right\} = \frac{141.6}{EI} = 295138 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$\delta_{10} = \int \bar{N} \alpha_T \Delta t_0 dx + \int \bar{M} \alpha_T \frac{\Delta t_1}{h} dx = \left[\left(0 + 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot 15 \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot \frac{10}{4} + 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 10^{-5} \cdot \frac{10}{4} \right) \right] = 81725 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$295138 \cdot X_1 + 81725 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{X_1 = -2956 \text{ kN}}}$$

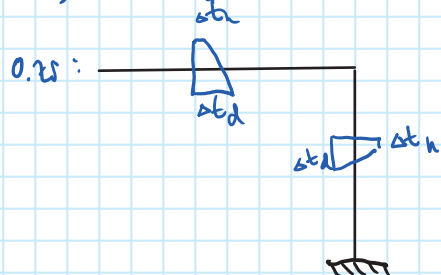
4) zohlednění vlivu norm. síly

$$\delta_{1,1}^N = \int \frac{N_1 N_1}{EA} dx = \frac{1}{EA} \{ 4 \cdot 1 \cdot [1] \} = \frac{4}{EA} = 1,1 \cdot 10^{-6}$$

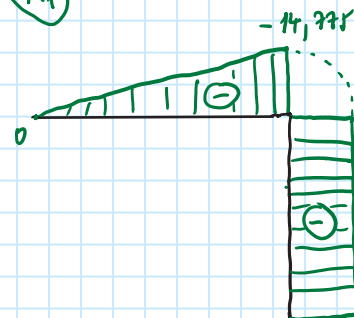
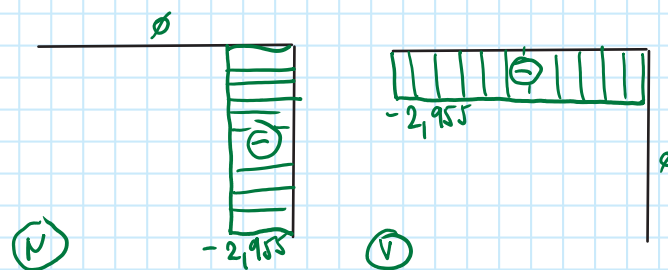
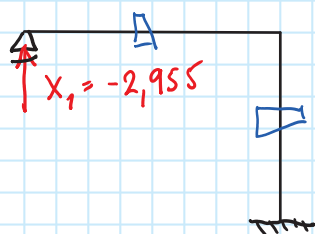
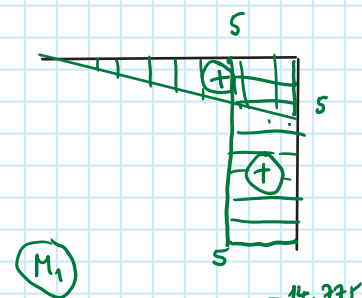
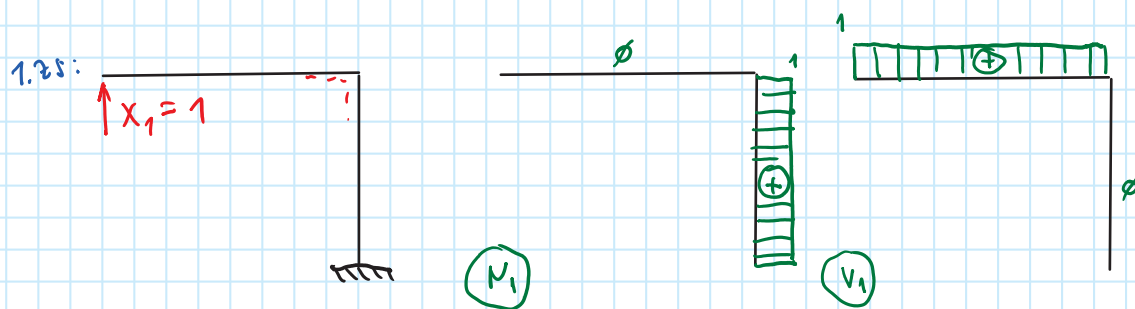
$$\delta_{1,1} = \delta_{1,1}^M + \delta_{1,1}^N = 2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3} X_1 + 8,725 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{X_1 = -2,955 \text{ kN}}$$

5) průběhy vnitřních sil



- na ru kci od def. zatřžení vznikají vnitřní síly
 $\Rightarrow N_0, V_0, M_0 = \emptyset$



$$N = N_1 \cdot X_1 + N_0$$

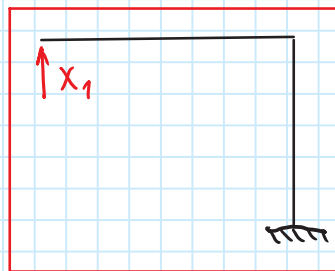
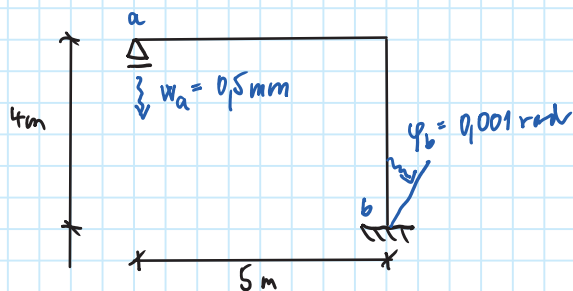
$$V = V_1 \cdot X_1 + V_0$$

$$M = M_1 \cdot X_1 + M_0$$

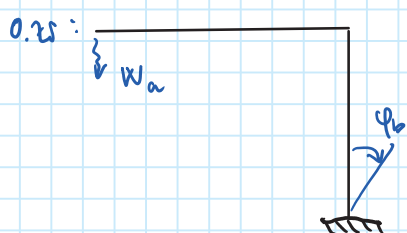
b) posunutí podpory

1) $m_s = 2$, zkus

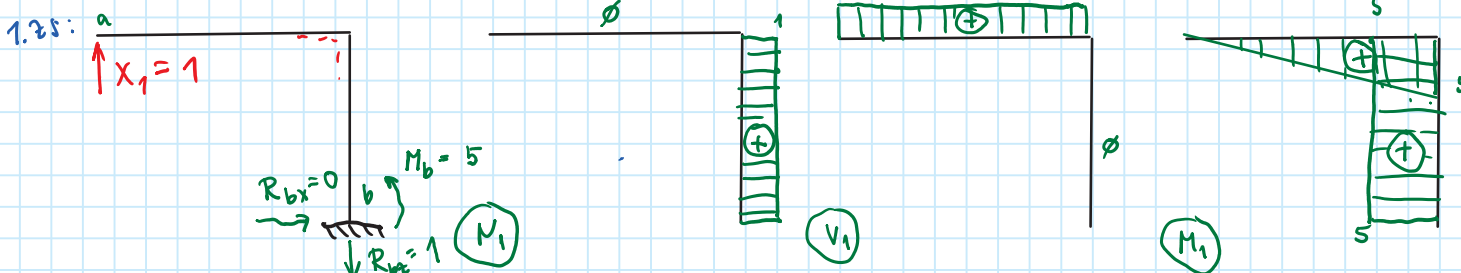
$\gamma_s = 1$



2) vykreslení vnitřních sil od jednotliých zat. stavů + výpočet reakcí



na ru lze od def. zatížení vznikají vnitřní síly
 $\Rightarrow N_0, V_0, M_0 - \emptyset$

3) sestavení výčíslení δ

$$\delta_{1,1} \cdot X_1 + \delta_{1,0}^{pp} = -w_a$$

ostatní deformace ostatních podpor (ϕ_b)

opačný směr $\uparrow X_1$ & w_a

posun/pootočení v místě odebrané vazby odpovídající typ
odebrané vazby se objeví na pravej strane rovnice

$$\oplus \quad w_a \quad \rightarrow \quad X_1 \quad \downarrow \quad w_a \quad \rightarrow \quad X_1$$

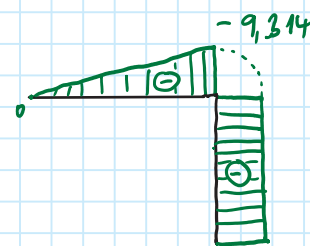
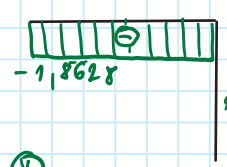
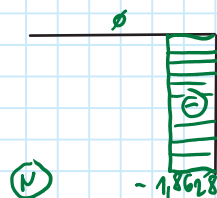
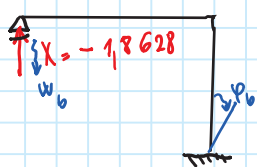
mají stejný směr

$$\delta_{1,1} = \int \frac{N_1 N_1}{EA} dx + \int \frac{M_1 M_1}{EI} = 2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3} \quad (\text{viz dříve})$$

$$\delta_{1,0}^{pp} = -\sum_n \bar{R}_{nx} u_n + \bar{R}_{nz} w_n + \bar{M}_n \phi_n = -[\bar{R}_{bx} u_b + \bar{R}_{bz} w_b + \bar{M}_b \phi_b] =$$

$$= -(0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 0 + (-5 \cdot 0,001)) = 0,005$$

$$2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3} X_1 + 0,005 = -0,5 \cdot 10^{-3} \Rightarrow X_1 = -1,8628 \text{ kN}$$

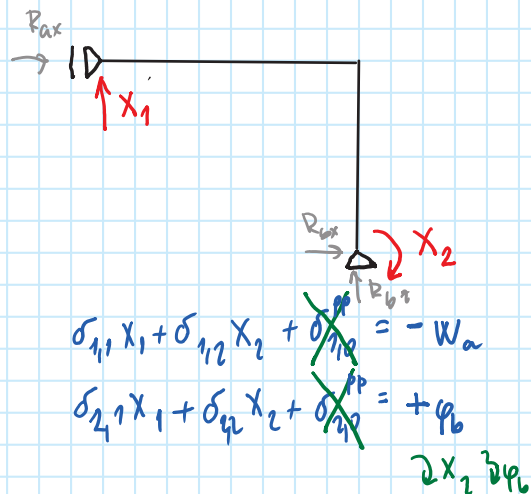
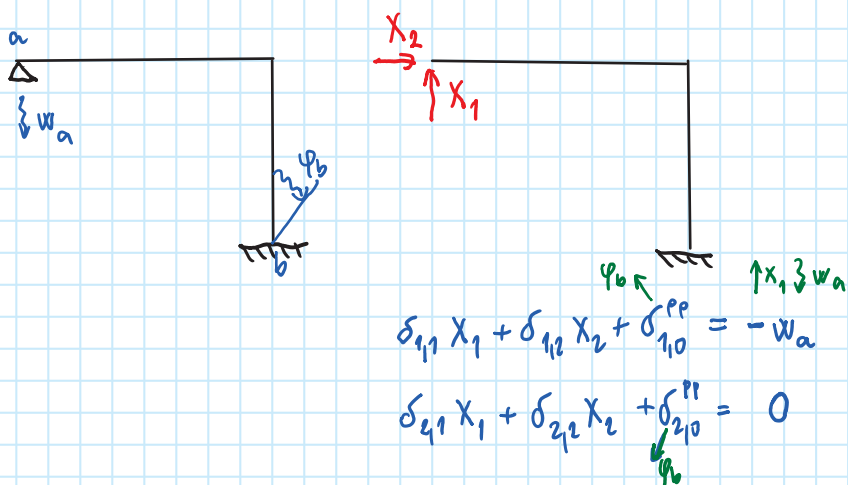
4) průběhy N, V, M 

$$N = N_1 X_1 + N_0$$

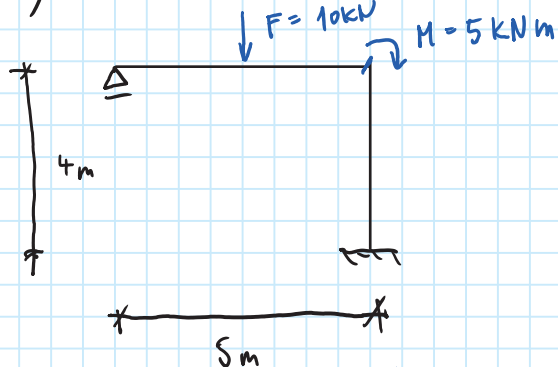
$$V = V_1 X_1 + V_0$$

$$M = M_1 X_1 + M_0$$

sestavení přetvárných rovnic na různých zkus:

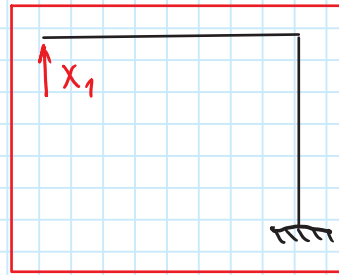


c) síla ve zřetížení

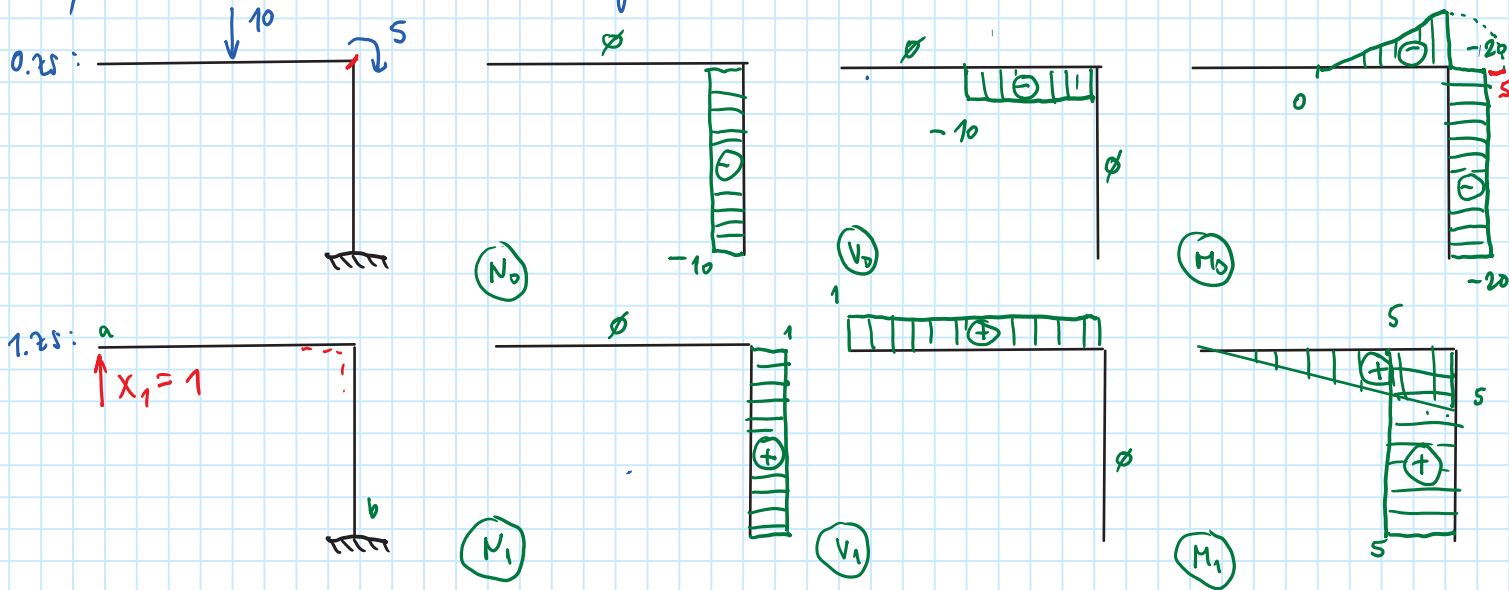


1) $M_S = 2$, zkus

$\gamma_S = 1$



2) vykreslení vnitřních sil od jednotlivých zát. stavů



3) $\delta_{11} X_1 + \delta_{10} = 0$

$$\delta_{11} = \int \frac{N_1 N_1}{EA} dx + \int \frac{M_1 M_1}{EI} dx = 2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

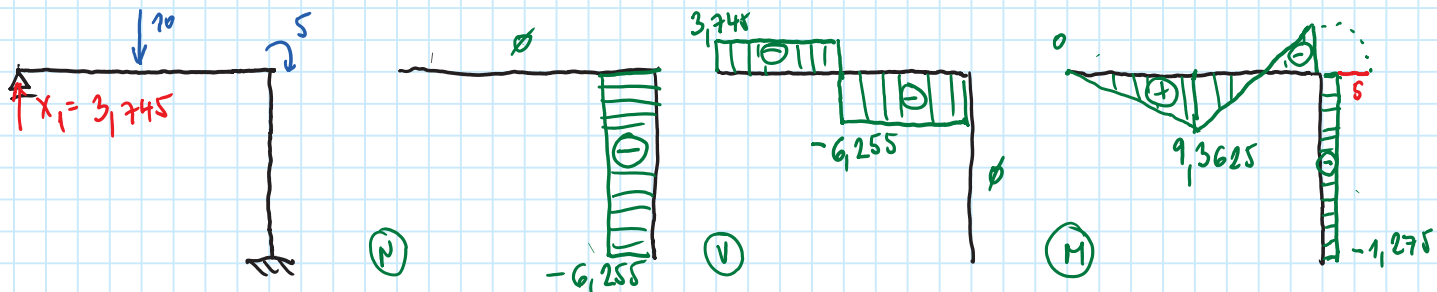
$$\delta_{10} = \int \frac{N_1 N_0}{EA} dx + \int \frac{M_1 M_0}{EI} dx = -1,1 \cdot 10^{-5} - 11,046 \cdot 10^{-3} - 11,057 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$N_{\delta_{10}} = \frac{1}{EA} \left\{ 0 + \left(4 \cdot (-10) \cdot [1] \right) \right\} = \frac{-40}{EA} = -1,1 \cdot 10^{-5}$$

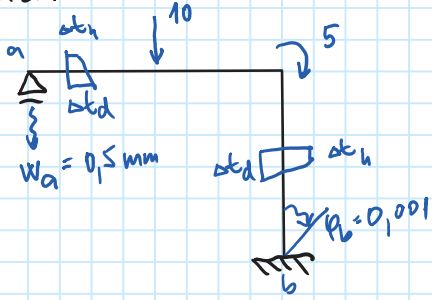
$$M_{\delta_{10}} = \frac{1}{EI} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,5 \cdot (-25) \right) \left[2,5 + \frac{2}{3} \cdot 2,5 \right] + (-20 \cdot 4) \cdot [5] \right\} = \frac{-530,2083}{EI} = -11,046 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

$$2,9525 \cdot 10^{-3} X_1 - 11,057 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0 \Rightarrow X_1 = 3,745 \text{ kN}$$

4) Příběhy N, V, M

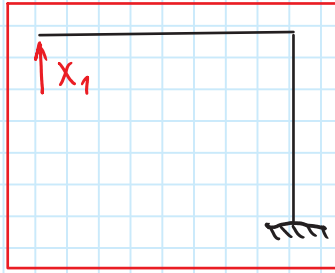


D) kombinace silového a deformáčního zk.



1) $m_s = \pm \frac{1}{2}$, $z s u s$

$$n_s = 1$$



2) ...

$$3) \quad \delta_{1,1} X_1 + \delta_{1,0}^T + \delta_{1,0}^{PP} + \delta_{1,0}^{silica} = -w_a \Rightarrow X_1 = -1,0728 /$$

$$X_1 = X_1^T + X_1^{PP} + X_1^{\text{Silovno}} = -2,955 - 1,8628 + 3,745 = -1,0728 \text{ kN}$$

4) vykreslení N, v, M

$$\begin{aligned} N &= N^T + N^{PP} + N^{\text{silové}} \\ V &= V^T + V^{PP} + V^{\text{silové}} \\ M &= M^T + M^{PP} + M^{\text{silové}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= V^T + V^{PP} + V^{\text{silove}} \\ M &= M^T + M^{PP} + M^{\text{silove}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{M} = \dot{M}^T + \dot{M}^{PP} + \dot{M}^{Silov}$$

