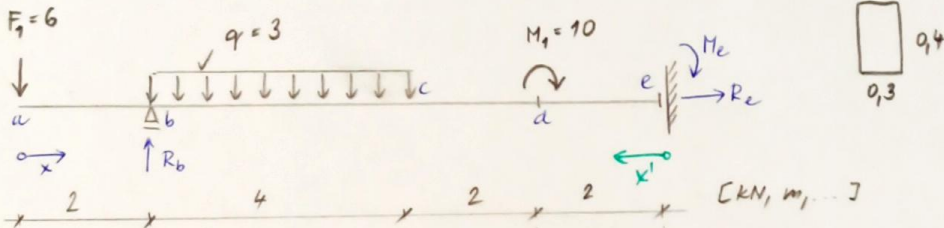
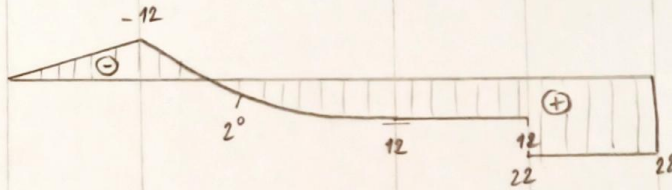


Pr: určete φ_a, w_a, w_c

$$E = 25 \text{ GPa}$$

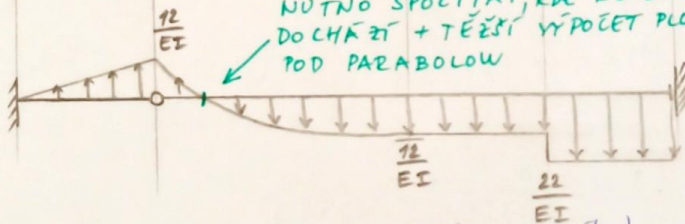


(M)



MOHRHOVA ANALOGIE:

Dvě linie normál:



CLEBSCHOVA METODA: (na skutečném normálu)

$$M(x) = -F_1 \cdot x \Big|_{x>2} + R_b \cdot (x-2) - q \frac{(x-2)^2}{2} \Big|_{x>6} + q \frac{(x-6)^2}{2} \Big|_{x>8} + M_1 (x-8) \Big|_{x>8}$$

$$\varphi(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_1 - 6 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{x>2} + 18 \frac{(x-2)^2}{2} - 3 \frac{(x-2)^3}{6} \Big|_{x>6} + 3 \frac{(x-6)^3}{6} \Big|_{x>8} + 10(x-8) \Big|_{x>8} \right]$$

$$w(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_2 + C_1 x - 6 \frac{x^3}{6} \Big|_{x>2} + 18 \frac{(x-2)^3}{6} - 3 \frac{(x-2)^4}{24} \Big|_{x>6} + 3 \frac{(x-6)^4}{24} \Big|_{x>8} + 10 \frac{(x-8)^2}{2} \Big|_{x>8} \right]$$

okružové podmínky: $w_b = \delta w(x=2) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 + C_1 \cdot 2 - 6 \frac{2^3}{6} = 0$

$\varphi_e = \varphi(x=10) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 - 6 \frac{10^2}{2} + 18 \frac{8^2}{2} - 3 \frac{8^3}{6} + 3 \frac{4^3}{6} + 10 \cdot 2 = 0$

$$C_1 = -72$$

$$C_2 = 152$$

úprava rovnice:

$$\varphi(x) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} \left[-72 - 3x^2 \Big|_{x>2} + 9(x-2)^2 - 0,5(x-2)^3 \Big|_{x>6} + 0,5(x-6)^3 \Big|_{x>8} + 10(x-8) \Big|_{x>8} \right]$$

$$w(x) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} \left[152 - 72 \cdot x - x^3 \Big|_{x>2} + 3(x-2)^3 - \frac{(x-2)^4}{8} \Big|_{x>6} + \frac{(x-6)^4}{8} \Big|_{x>8} + 5(x-8)^2 \Big|_{x>8} \right]$$

$$\sum F_{ix} = 0:$$

$$R_e = 0$$

$$\textcircled{+} \sum M_{ib} = 0:$$

$$F_1 \cdot 2 - q \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - M_1 - M_e = 0$$

$$M_e = 6 \cdot 2 - 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 - 10$$

$$M_e = -22 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\textcircled{+} \sum M_{ie} = 0:$$

$$F_1 \cdot 10 - R_b \cdot 8 + q \cdot 4 \cdot 6 - M_1 - M_e = 0$$

$$R_b = \frac{1}{8} (6 \cdot 10 + 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 - 10 - (-22))$$

$$R_b = 18 \text{ kN}$$

$$\textcircled{+} \sum F_{iz} = 0$$

$$F_1 - R_b + q \cdot 4 = 0$$

$$6 - 18 + 3 \cdot 4 = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$EI = 25 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \frac{1}{12} \cdot 0,3 \cdot 0,4^3$$

$$EI = 40000 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^4 = 4 \cdot 10^4 \text{ kPa} \cdot \text{m}^4$$

výpočet přemístění:

$$\varphi_a = \varphi(x=0) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [-72] = \underline{\underline{1,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}}}$$

$$w_a = w(x=0) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [152] = \underline{\underline{-3,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}}}$$

$$w_c = w(x=6) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [152 - 72 \cdot 6 - 6^3 + 3 \cdot 4^3 - \frac{4^4}{8}] = \underline{\underline{8,4 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}}}$$

CLERCHOVOU METODOU (POKUD JE TO ODPOVĚDNĚ) LZE ŘEŠIT KOEF. I PRO X KOTOUVÁNĚ ZPRAVA → ZDE OZNAČENO JAKO x'

→ POTOM W VYJDE VTEJNĚ A φ S OPAČNÝM ZNAČENÍM

$$M(x') = -M_e \Big|_{x'>2} - M_1(x'-2) \Big|_{x'>4} - q \frac{(x'-4)^2}{2} \Big|_{x'>8} + q \frac{(x'-8)^2}{2} + R_b(x'-8)$$

$$\varphi(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{C_1}{2} x' \Big|_{x'>2} - 10(x'-2) \Big|_{x'>4} - 3 \frac{(x'-4)^3}{6} \Big|_{x'>8} + 3 \frac{(x'-8)^3}{6} + 18 \frac{(x'-8)^2}{2} \right]$$

$$w(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{C_2}{2} x'^2 + C_1 x' + 22 \frac{x'^2}{2} \Big|_{x'>2} - 10 \frac{(x'-2)^2}{2} \Big|_{x'>4} - 3 \frac{(x'-4)^4}{24} \Big|_{x'>8} + 3 \frac{(x'-8)^4}{24} + 18 \frac{(x'-8)^3}{6} \right]$$

okrajové podmínky:

$$w_b = w(x'=8) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 + C_1 \cdot 8 + \frac{22 \cdot 8^2}{2} - 10 \cdot \frac{6^2}{2} - 3 \cdot \frac{4^4}{24} - 0 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{C_2 = -492}}$$

$$\varphi_c = \varphi(x'=0) = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{C_1 = 0}}$$

úprava rovnice:

$$\varphi(x') = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} \left[22x' \Big|_{x'>2} - 10(x'-2) \Big|_{x'>4} - 0,5(x'-4)^3 \Big|_{x'>8} + 0,5(x'-8)^3 + 9(x'-8)^2 \right]$$

$$w(x') = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} \left[-492 + 11x'^2 \Big|_{x'>2} - 5(x'-2)^2 \Big|_{x'>4} - \frac{(x'-4)^4}{8} \Big|_{x'>8} + \frac{(x'-8)^4}{8} + 3(x'-8)^3 \right]$$

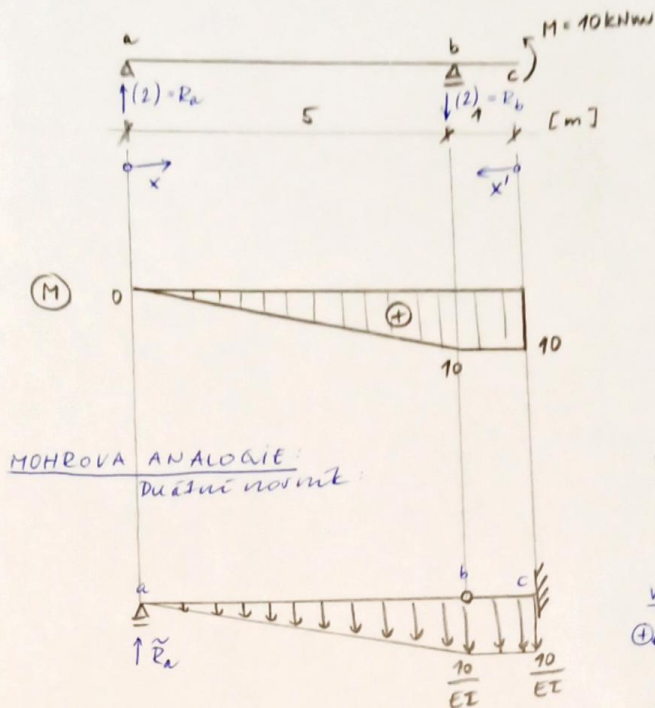
výpočet přetvoření:

$$\varphi_a = \varphi(x'=10) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [22 \cdot 10 - 10 \cdot 8 - 0,5 \cdot 6^3 + 0,5 \cdot 2^3 + 9 \cdot 2^2] = \underline{\underline{-1,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad}}}$$

$$w_a = w(x'=10) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [-492 + 11 \cdot 10^2 - 5 \cdot 8^2 - \frac{6^4}{8} + \frac{2^4}{8} + 3 \cdot 2^3] = \underline{\underline{-3,8 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}}}$$

$$w_c = w(x'=4) = -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 10^4} [-492 + 11 \cdot 4^2 - 5 \cdot 2^2] = \underline{\underline{8,4 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}}}$$

EI = konst.



$$w_c = \tilde{M}_c = \tilde{R}_a \cdot 6 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{10}{EI} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot 5\right) - 1 \cdot \frac{10}{EI} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1\right)$$

výpočet $\tilde{R}_a$:

$$\oplus \sum \tilde{M}_{ib} = 0 : -\tilde{R}_a \cdot 5 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{10}{EI} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{3} \cdot 5\right) = 0$$

$$\tilde{R}_a = \frac{25}{3EI}$$

doplnění:

$$w_c = \frac{25}{3EI} \cdot 6 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{10}{EI} \cdot \frac{1}{3} - \frac{10}{EI} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{65}{3EI} \text{ [m]}$$

CLEBSCHOVA METODA:

$$M(x) = R_a \cdot x \Big|_{x \geq 5} - R_b \cdot (x-5)$$

$$\varphi(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_1 + 2 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{x \geq 5} - 2 \frac{(x-5)^2}{2} \right]$$

$$w(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_2 + C_1 x + 2 \frac{x^3}{6} \Big|_{x \geq 5} - 2 \frac{(x-5)^3}{6} \right]$$

okrajové podmínky:

$$w_a = w(x=0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = 0$$

$$w_b = w(x=5) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 + C_1 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot \frac{5^3}{6} = 0$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{25}{3}$$

rovnice:

$$\varphi(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[-\frac{25}{3} + x^2 \Big|_{x \geq 5} - (x-5)^2 \right]$$

$$w(x) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[-\frac{25}{3} x + \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_{x \geq 5} - \frac{(x-5)^3}{3} \right]$$

výpočet w_c :

$$w_c = w(x=6) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[-\frac{25}{3} \cdot 6 + \frac{6^3}{3} - \frac{1^3}{3} \right]$$

$$w_c = -\frac{65}{3EI}$$

CLEBSCHOVA METODA ZPRAVA (x'):

$$M(x') = M \Big|_{x' \geq 1} - R_b(x'-1)$$

$$\varphi(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_1 + M \cdot x' \Big|_{x' \geq 1} - 2 \frac{(x'-1)^2}{2} \right]$$

$$w(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[C_2 + C_1 x' + 10 \frac{x'^2}{2} \Big|_{x' \geq 1} - 2 \frac{(x'-1)^3}{6} \right]$$

okrajové podmínky:

$$w_a = w(x'=6) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 + C_1 \cdot 6 + 10 \cdot \frac{6^2}{2} - 2 \cdot \frac{5^3}{6} = 0$$

$$w_b = w(x'=1) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 + C_1 \cdot 1 + 10 \cdot \frac{1^2}{2} = 0$$

$$C_1 = -\frac{80}{3}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{65}{3}$$

rovnice:

$$\varphi(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[-\frac{80}{3} + 10 x' \Big|_{x' \geq 1} - (x'-1)^2 \right]$$

$$w(x') = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{65}{3} - \frac{80}{3} x' + 5 x'^2 \Big|_{x' \geq 1} - \frac{(x'-1)^3}{3} \right]$$

výpočet w_c :

$$w_c = w(x'=0) = -\frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{65}{3} \right]$$

$$w_c = -\frac{65}{3EI}$$