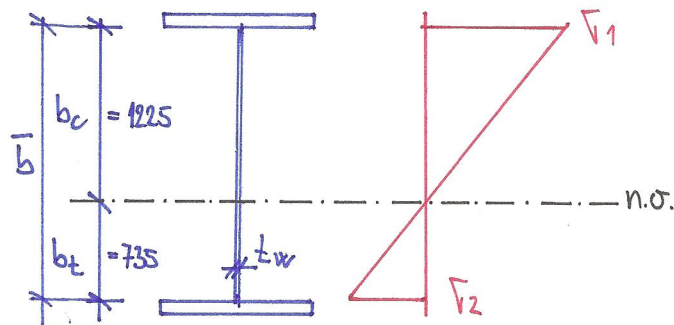
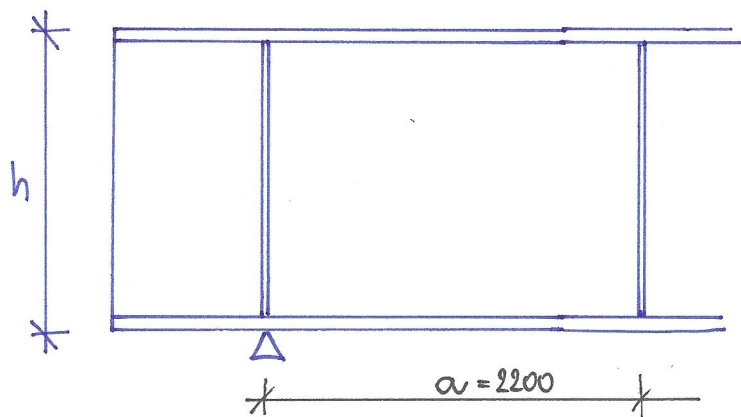


BOULENÍ STOJINY HLAVNÍHO NOSNÍKU VLIVEM TLAKU OD OHYBU

a) Bez podélné výztěhy stojiny hl. nosníku

$$t_f = 20 \text{ mm} ; h = 2000 \text{ mm} ; t_w = 4 \text{ mm}$$



$$\psi = \frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1} = \frac{-735}{1225} = -0.6 \quad ; \quad \varepsilon = \sqrt{\frac{235}{f_y}} = \sqrt{\frac{235}{355}} = 0.81$$

$$k_{\sigma} = 7.81 - 6.29 \cdot \psi + 9.78 \cdot \psi^2 = 7.81 - 6.29 \cdot (-0.6) + 9.78 \cdot (-0.6)^2 = 8.06$$

$$\rho = \frac{\bar{\lambda}_p - 0.055 \cdot (3 + \psi)}{\bar{\lambda}_p^2} = \frac{7.50 - 0.055 \cdot (3 + (-0.6))}{7.5^2} = 0.131 \quad *$$

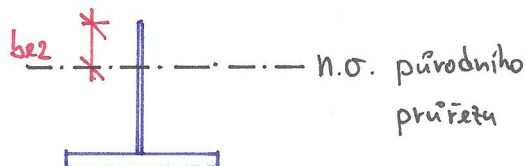
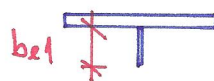
$$\bar{\lambda}_p = \sqrt{\frac{f_y}{\sigma_{cr}}} = \frac{\bar{b}/t}{28.4 \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{k_{\sigma}}} = \frac{1960/4}{28.4 \cdot 0.81 \cdot \sqrt{8.06}} = 7.50$$

$$* \text{ pro } \bar{\lambda}_p > 0.5 + \sqrt{0.085 - 0.055 \cdot \psi} = 0.84$$

$$b_{eff} = \rho \cdot b_c = \rho \cdot \bar{b} / (1 - \psi) = 0.131 \cdot 1960 = 160 \text{ mm}$$

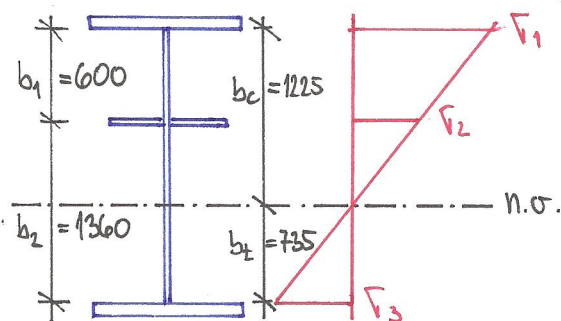
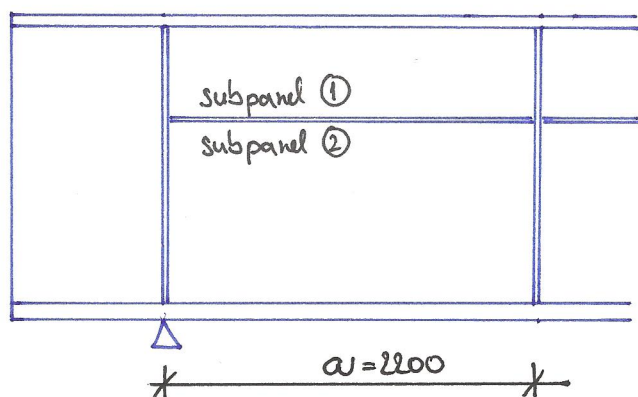
$$b_{e1} = 0.4 \cdot b_{eff} = 0.4 \cdot 160 = 64 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_{e2} = 0.6 \cdot b_{eff} = 0.6 \cdot 160 = 96 \text{ mm}$$

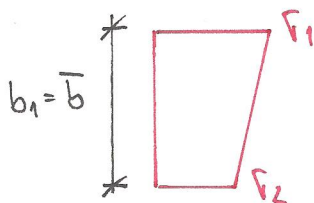


b) Podélná výztuha stojiny hl. nosníku

- podélná výztuha se umístí přibližně do středu neúčinné části z příkladu a)



• Subpanel ① - celý tláčen



$$\psi = \frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1} = \frac{b_1}{b_c} = \frac{600}{1225} = 0,49$$

$$k_T = 8,2 / (1,05 + \psi) = 8,2 / (1,05 + 0,49) = 5,32$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_p = \frac{\bar{b} / t}{28,4 \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{k_T}} = \frac{600 / 4}{28,4 \cdot 0,81 \cdot \sqrt{5,32}} = 2,83$$

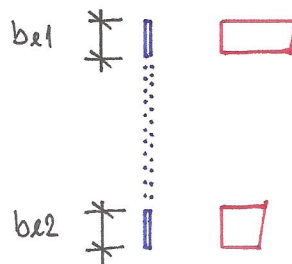
$$\rho = \frac{\bar{\lambda}_p - 0,055 \cdot (3 + \psi)}{\bar{\lambda}_p^2} = \frac{2,83 - 0,055 \cdot (3 + 0,49)}{2,83^2} = 0,133$$

$$\text{pro } \bar{\lambda}_p > 0,5 + \sqrt{0,085 - 0,055 \cdot \psi} = 0,74$$

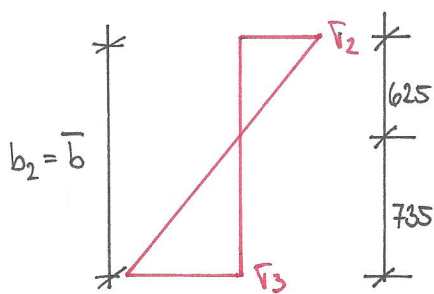
$$b_{eff} = \rho \cdot \bar{b} = 0,133 \cdot 600 = 198 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_{e1} = \frac{2}{5 - \psi} \cdot b_{eff} = \frac{2}{5 - 0,49} \cdot 198 = 88 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_{e2} = b_{eff} - b_{e1} = 198 - 88 = 110 \text{ mm}$$



• Subpanel ② - částečné tláčení



$$\eta = \frac{v_3}{v_2} = \frac{-735}{625} = -1,176$$

$$k_{\eta} = 5,98 \cdot (1 - \eta)^2 = 5,98 \cdot (1 - (-1,176))^2 = 28,32$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_p = \frac{\bar{b}/t}{28,4 \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{k_{\eta}}} = \frac{1360/4}{28,4 \cdot 0,81 \cdot \sqrt{28,32}} = 2,78$$

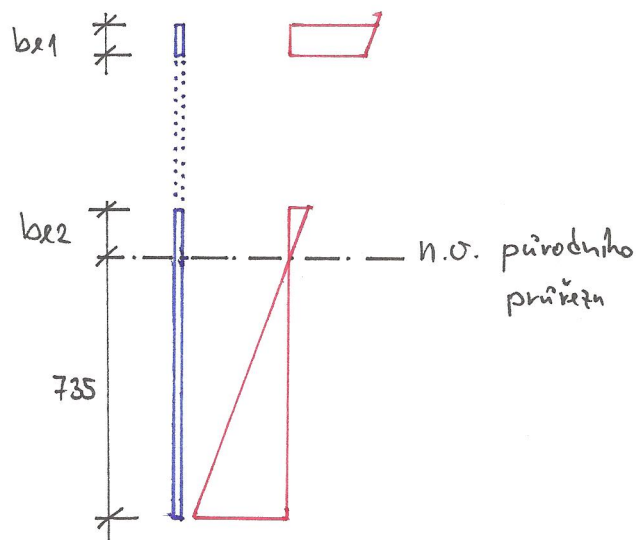
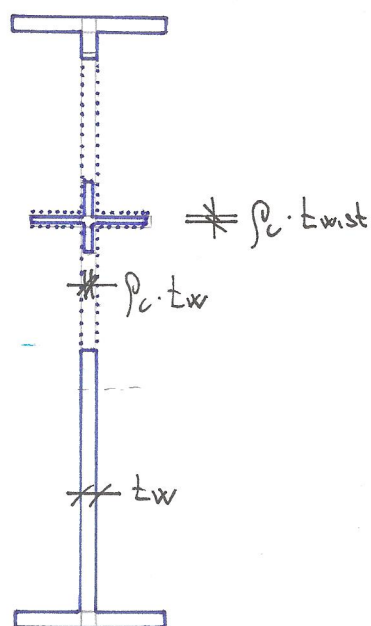
$$\rho = \frac{\bar{\lambda}_p - 0,055 \cdot (3 + \eta)}{\bar{\lambda}_p^2} = \frac{2,78 - 0,055 \cdot (3 - 1,176)}{2,78^2} = 0,35$$

$$\text{pro } \bar{\lambda}_p > 0,5 + \sqrt{0,085 - 0,055 \cdot \eta} = 0,89$$

$$b_{eff} = \rho \cdot \bar{b} / (1 - \eta) = 0,35 \cdot 1360 / (1 - (-1,176)) = 219 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_{e1} = 0,4 \cdot b_{eff} = 0,4 \cdot 219 = 88 \text{ mm}$$

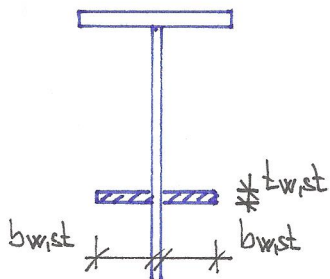
$$b_{e2} = 0,6 \cdot b_{eff} = 0,6 \cdot 219 = 131 \text{ mm}$$



ρ_c - součinitel celkového boulení

- Ověření nároku podélných výtuh

ma' být splněno $\frac{I_t}{I_p} \geq 5,3 \cdot \frac{t_y}{E}$



$$b_{wst} = 180 \text{ mm}$$

$$t_{wst} = 20 \text{ mm}$$

polární moment setrvačnosti výtuby k okraji připojenému ke stěně

$$I_p = I_y + I_z = \frac{1}{12} \cdot b_{wst} \cdot t_{wst}^3 + \frac{1}{12} \cdot t_{wst} \cdot b_{wst}^3 + b_{wst} \cdot t_{wst} \cdot \left(\frac{b_{wst}}{2}\right)^2 =$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \cdot 180 \cdot 20^3 + \frac{1}{12} \cdot 20 \cdot 180^3 + 180 \cdot 20 \cdot 90^2 = 39 \cdot 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

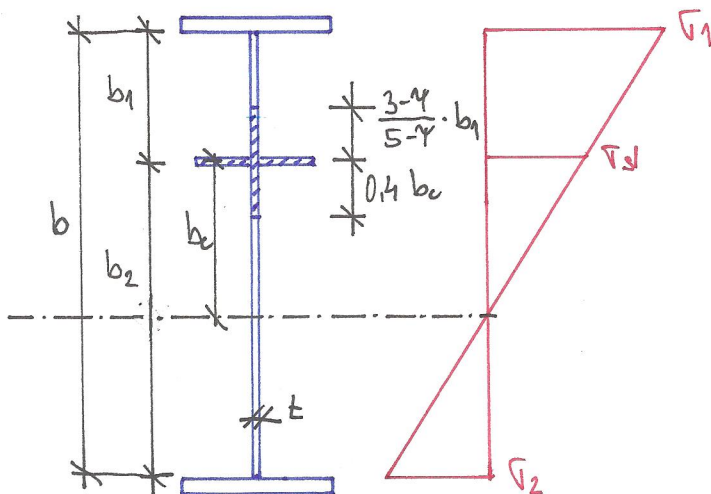
moment setrvačnosti v prostém kroucení

$$I_t = \frac{1}{3} \cdot b_{wst} \cdot t_{wst}^3 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 180 \cdot 20^3 = 0,48 \cdot 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$\frac{0,48 \cdot 10^6}{39 \cdot 10^6} = 0,0123 \geq 5,3 \cdot \frac{355}{210 \cdot 10^3} = 0,00896 \quad \text{podmínka je splněna}$$

- Součinitel celkového boulení

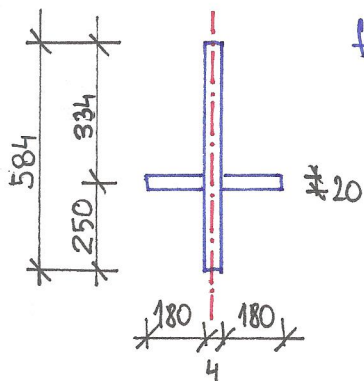
▲ stěnové chování



$$\eta = \frac{\tau_d}{\tau_1} = \frac{600}{1225} = 0,49 \quad (\text{viz } \textcircled{1})$$

$$0,4 \cdot b_e = 0,4 \cdot 625 = 250 \text{ mm}$$

$$\frac{3-\eta}{5-\eta} \cdot b_1 = \frac{3-0,49}{5-0,49} \cdot 600 = 334 \text{ mm}$$



fiktivni prut : $A_{sl,1} = 584 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 180 \cdot 20 = 9536 \text{ mm}^2$

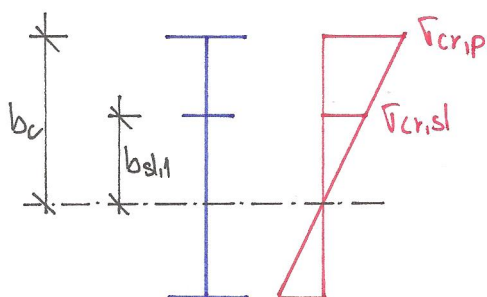
$$I_{sl,1} = \frac{1}{12} \cdot 584 \cdot 4^3 + 2 \cdot \left[\frac{1}{12} \cdot 20 \cdot 180^3 + 20 \cdot 180 \cdot 92^2 \right] = 80,38 \cdot 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$a_c = 4,33 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{I_{sl,1} \cdot b_1^2 \cdot b_2^2}{t^3 \cdot b}} = 4,33 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{80,38 \cdot 10^6 \cdot 600^2 \cdot 1360^2}{4^3 \cdot 1960}} = 19679 \text{ mm}$$

pro $a = 2200 \text{ mm} < a_c = 19679 \text{ mm}$

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_{cr,sl} &= \frac{\pi^2 E I_{sl,1}}{A_{sl,1} \cdot a^2} + \frac{E \cdot t^3 \cdot b \cdot a^2}{4 \pi^2 (1 - \nu^2) \cdot A_{sl,1} \cdot b_1^2 \cdot b_2^2} = \\ &= \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 210 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 80,38 \cdot 10^6}{9536 \cdot 2200^2} + \frac{210 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 4^3 \cdot 1960 \cdot 2200^2}{4 \cdot \pi^2 (1 - 0,3^2) \cdot 9536 \cdot 600^2 \cdot 1360^2} = 3610 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau_{crip} = \tau_{cr,sl} \cdot \frac{b_c}{b_{sl,1}} = 3610 \cdot \frac{1225}{625} = 7076 \text{ MPa}$$



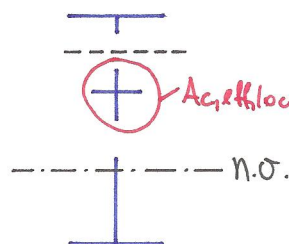
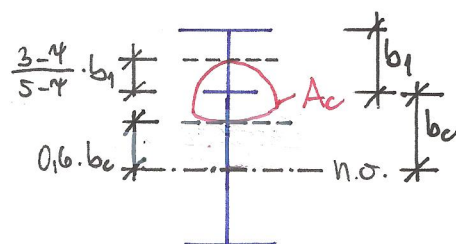
$$\beta_{A,c} = \frac{A_{c,eff,loc}}{A_c} = \frac{7992}{9536} = 0,840$$

$$A_c = 4 \cdot (334 + 250) + 2 \cdot 180 \cdot 20 = 9536 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{c,eff,loc} = 4 \cdot (88 + 110) + 2 \cdot 180 \cdot 20 = 7992 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_p = \sqrt{\frac{\beta_{A,c} \cdot f_y}{\tau_{crip}}} = \sqrt{\frac{0,840 \cdot 355}{7076}} = 0,205$$

$\rho = 1,0$ pro $\bar{\lambda}_p \leq 0,673$

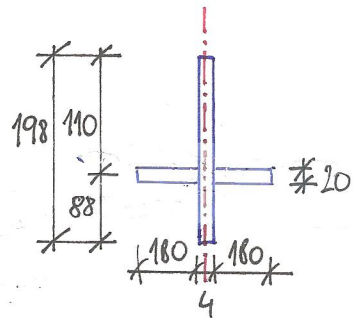


▲ prutové chování

$$\sigma_{cr,c} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot E \cdot I_{d1}}{A_{d1} \cdot \alpha^2} \cdot \frac{b_e}{b_{d1}} = \frac{\pi^2 \cdot 210 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 80,38 \cdot 10^6}{9536 \cdot 2200^2} \cdot \frac{1225}{625} = 7075 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\beta_{A,c} = \frac{A_{d1,eff}}{A_{d1}} = \frac{7992}{9536} = 0,84$$

$$A_{d1,eff} = 198,4 + 2 \cdot (180 \cdot 20) = 7992 \text{ mm}^2$$

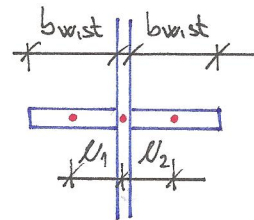


$$\bar{\lambda}_c = \sqrt{\frac{\beta_{A,c} \cdot f_y}{\sigma_{cr,c}}} = \sqrt{\frac{0,84 \cdot 355}{7075}} = 0,205$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{\frac{I_{d1}}{A_{d1}}} = \sqrt{\frac{80,38 \cdot 10^6}{9536}} = 91,8 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda = 92 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda = \max\{\lambda_1, \lambda_2\}$$



$$\alpha_2 = \alpha + \frac{0,09}{\frac{\lambda}{\lambda}} = 0,49 + \frac{0,09}{\frac{91,8}{92}} = 0,58$$

$$\phi = 0,5 \left[1 + \alpha_2 \cdot (\bar{\lambda}_c - 0,2) + \bar{\lambda}_c^2 \right] = 0,5 \left[1 + 0,58 \cdot (0,205 - 0,2) + 0,205^2 \right] = 0,52$$

$$\chi_c = \frac{1}{\phi + \sqrt{\phi^2 - \bar{\lambda}_c^2}} = \frac{1}{0,52 + \sqrt{0,52^2 - 0,205^2}} = 0,99$$

▲ interakce mezi stěnovým a prutovým chováním

$$\xi = \frac{\sigma_{cr,p}}{\sigma_{cr,c}} - 1 = \frac{7076}{7075} - 1 = 0,00014$$

$$\rho_c = (\rho - \chi_c) \cdot \xi \cdot (2 - \xi) + \chi_c = (1 - 0,99) \cdot 0,00014 \cdot (2 - 0,00014) + 0,99 = 0,99$$